

<b>Module code</b>	SP-4304		
<b>Module Title</b>	Physics of Medicine and Biology		
<b>Degree/Diploma</b>	Bachelor of Science (Applied Physics)		
<b>Type of Module</b>	Major Option		
<b>Modular Credits</b>	4	<b>Total student Workload</b>	10 hours/week
		<b>Contact hours</b>	4 hours/week
<b>Prerequisite</b>	None		
<b>Anti-requisite</b>	None		
<b>Aims</b>			
This module aims to provide knowledge of physics applied in medicine and biology.			
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>			
<i>On successful completion of this module, a student will be expected to be able to:</i>			
Lower order :	0%	None	
Middle order :	30%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- explain and interpret forces exerted on bones and tissues, forces in stationary and moving fluids, laminar viscous flow and physics of blood flow.</li> <li>- explain the transport across membranes, medical use of radiation and impulses in nerves and cells</li> </ul>	
Higher order :	70%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- analyse the methods of production and detection of medical radiation, diagnostic radiography, angiography, mammography, computed tomography</li> <li>- evaluate radiation doses, use of radioisotopes for diagnostic purposes and medical treatment</li> <li>- critically evaluate the risk versus benefit of some of the medical diagnostic and therapeutic tools such as CT, PET, MRI, US, Nuclear Medicine.</li> <li>- interpret the results of analyses, and make appropriate reports and presentations</li> </ul>	
<b>Module Contents</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Biomechanics: forces exerted on bones and tissues, forces in stationary and moving fluids, laminar viscous flow and physics of blood flow</li> <li>- Transportation across membranes: flow of water and solute through membrane due to hydrostatic and osmotic pressure differences, the artificial kidney, counter current transport</li> <li>- impulses in nerves and cells: electrostatics of a resting cell membrane, cable model of axon</li> <li>- medical use of radiation: production and detection of medical radiation, diagnostic radiography</li> <li>- biological effects of ionizing radiation</li> <li>- nuclear medicine: use of radioisotopes for diagnostic purposes and medical treatment, positron emission tomography.</li> <li>- Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI): magnetic moments, chemical shifts, RF pulses, detection of signals, imaging technique, spin-lattice (T1) and spin-spin (T2) relaxation times, functional NMR.</li> </ul>			
<b>Assessment</b>	Formative assessment	In-class questions and feedback	
	Summative assessment	Examination: 0% Coursework: 100% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 2 class tests (30%)</li> <li>- 1 group work (20%)</li> <li>- 2 written assignment (40%)</li> <li>- 1 oral presentation (10%)</li> </ul>	